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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/531,660	04/15/2005	Luis Molina	11299.105005	3876
20786	7590	12/28/2007	EXAMINER	
KING & SPALDING LLP			CORDERO GARCIA, MARCELA M	
1180 PEACHTREE STREET			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ATLANTA, GA 30309-3521			1654	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/28/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/531,660	MOLINA, LUIS
	Examiner Marcela M. Cordero Garcia	Art Unit 1654

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 August 2007.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application.
 - 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 - a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application
3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>02/06</u> .	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-11 are pending in the application.

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election with traverse of the species: duramycin (lanbiotic), saline solution (pharmaceutical carrier) and topical administration (mode of administration) in the reply filed on 8/27/07 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the Examiner did not provide a reason that it would be an additional burden to the office to search for different lanbiotic species, different pharmaceutically acceptable carriers or modes of administration. Applicant also points out that, even though Examiner has stated that these are not "so linked as to form a single inventive concept" and that these are not "art recognized equivalents" (citing PCT Rule 13.2 and PCT Administrative Instructions, Annex B, part I(f)(i)(B)(2). However, the Applicant notes that the 'general inventive concept' is that which is claimed in the independent claim, i.e., a method of treating dry eye disease by administering a therapeutically effective amount of a lanbiotic in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. This is not found persuasive because the international search report (ISR) of PCT/US03/29853 does indicate three Y references with respect to all the claims, therefore, the invention is not linked by a special technical feature. In addition, with respect to the lanbiotics, the compounds are drawn to many materially different compounds drawn to different compositions, which require different searches. Additionally, the carriers and mode of administration have

materially different effects and do also require different searches and consideration. The search for each of the above inventions is not co-extensive particularly with regard to the literature search. Further, a reference which would anticipate one species of the invention would not necessarily anticipate or even make obvious another species of the instant invention. Finally the consideration for patentability is different in each case. Thus, it would be an undue burden to examine all of the above species in one application. Because these species are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for each species is not necessarily required for the other species, election of species for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claims 1-11 are presented for examination on the merits as they read upon the species: a method of treating dry eye disease comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of duramycin in a saline solution via topical administration.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Thomas (US 5,811,446) in view of Blackburn et al. (US 4,980,163).

Thomas teaches a method of treating blepharitis (eyelid bacterial inflammation which reads upon “dry eye disease”) [e.g., column 1, line 39; column 5, lines 1-27] comprising administering to a subject in need of such treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a broad range antibiotic (e.g., column 3, line 24) and a saline solution carrier (e.g., column 9, line 18) via topical administration (e.g., column 9, lines 50-53; column 10, lines 30-36). Thomas also teaches antibiotic compositions acting preferably against *Staphylococcus* sp, specially, e.g., *S. aureus* (column 5, lines 1-18). The limitation of claim 3: --wherein said administering involves topical administration—is taught, e.g., in column 10, lines 30-36. The limitation of claim 4: --wherein said topical administration is via a carrier vehicle selected from a group consisting of drops of liquid, liquid washes, gels, ointments, sprays and liposomes—e.g., column 9, lines 50-53; column 10, lines 17-29. The limitation of claim 5: --wherein said topical administration comprises infusion of said compound to said ocular surface via a device selected from a group consisting of a pump-catheter system, a continuous or selective release device and a contact lens—is taught, e.g., in column 9, lines 50-53. The limitation of claim 6: --wherein said administering is systemic administration of said compound—is taught, e.g., in column 10, lines 39-40. The limitation of claim 8: --administration of an oral form of said compound such that a therapeutically effective amount of said compound contacts lacrimal tissues of said subject via systemic absorption and circulation—is taught, e.g., column 10, lines 55-60. The limitation of

claim 9: --administration of an injectable form of said compound, such that a therapeutically effective amount of said compound contacts lacrimal tissues of said subject via systemic absorption and circulation-- is taught, e.g., in column 10, lines 37-40. The limitation of claim 11: --administration of an intra-operative instillation of a gel, cream, powder foam, crystals, liposomes, spray or liquid suspension form of said compound, such that a therapeutically effective amount of said compound contacts the lacrimal tissues of said subject via systemic absorption and circulation-- is taught, e.g., column 10, lines 17-29.

Thomas does not teach the broad range antibiotic duramycin.

Blackburn et al. teach broad range antibiotic compositions (e.g., abstract) comprising duramycin (e.g., claim 1 and 9) which target *S. aureus* (e.g., claim 19). The limitation of claim 2: --wherein the lantibiotic is duramycin-- is taught, e.g., in claim 9 of Blackburn et al. The limitation of claim 3: --wherein said administering involves topical administration—is taught, e.g., in column 3, lines 44-48. The limitation of claim 4: -- wherein said topical administration is via a carrier vehicle selected from a group consisting of drops of liquid, liquid washes, gels, ointments, sprays and liposomes—is taught, e.g., in column 3, lines 44-47 and column 4, lines 10-15. The limitation of claim 6: --wherein said administering is systemic administration of said compound—is taught, e.g., in column 3, lines 44-48. The limitation of claim 8: --administration of an oral form of said compound such that a therapeutically effective amount of said compound contacts lacrimal tissues of said subject via systemic absorption and circulation—is taught, e.g., column 3, line 7. The limitation of claim 11: --administration of an intra-

operative instillation of a gel, cream, powder foam, crystals, liposomes, spray or liquid suspension form of said compound, such that a therapeutically effective amount of said compound contacts the lacrimal tissues of said subject via systemic absorption and circulation-- is taught, e.g., column 3, lines 44-48.

The limitation of claim 7: --wherein said systemic administration involves administration of a nebulized liquid to oral or nasopharyngeal airways of said subject— such that a therapeutically effective amount of said compound contacts lacrimal tissues of said subject via systemic absorption and circulation— and the limitation of claim 10: -- administration of a suppository form of said compound, such that a therapeutically effective amount of said compound contacts lacrimal tissues of said subject via systemic absorption and circulation—are not expressly taught by either reference.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the method of Thomas by using a broad range antibiotic composition comprising duramycin as taught by Blackburn et al. The skilled artisan would have been motivated to do so because Thomas teaches using a broad range antibiotic (e.g., column 3, line 24) in the method of treating blepharitis (column 1, line 39; column 5, lines 1-27), and the duramycin antibiotic composition taught by Blackburn is a broad range antibiotic (e.g., claims 1 and 9). There would have been a reasonable expectation of success, given that both Thomas and Blackburn teach that the antibiotic compositions are preferably effective against *Staphylococcus aureus* (e.g., column 5, lines 1-18 of Thomas, claim 19 of Blackburn et al.) that can be topically administered (e.g., column 3, lines 44-48 of Blackburn et al. and column 10, lines 30-36 of Thomas).

The adjustment of particular conventional working conditions (e.g., using other forms of administration, such as nebulization or suppositories) is deemed merely a matter of judicious selection and routine optimization that is well within the purview of the skilled artisan. As such, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of invention to determine all optimum and operable conditions (e.g., suitable modes of administration), because such conditions are art-recognized result-effective variables that are routinely determined and optimized in the art through routine experimentation ("[W]here the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, it is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable ranges by routine experimentation.". *In re Aller*, 220 F.2d 454, 456, 105 USPQ 233, 235 (CCPA 1955). See MPEP 2145.05). One would have been motivated to determine all optimum and operable conditions in order to achieve the highest yield of the highest purity product in the most efficient manner. One would have had a reasonable expectation for success because such modifications are routinely determined and optimized in the art through routine experimentation.

From the teaching of the references, it is apparent that one of ordinary skill in the art would have had a reasonable expectation of success in producing the claimed invention. Therefore, the invention as a whole was *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, as evidenced by the references, especially in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-11 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-8 of copending Application No. 11/123,436. The instantly claimed invention and the invention claimed in Application '436 are both drawn to a method of treating dry eye disease (claim 1 of Application '436 is drawn to treating allergies and oculosystemic diseases, which read upon dry eye disease) comprising duramycin. Further, the instantly claimed method encompasses and/or is encompassed by the claimed method of Application '436

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection.

Conclusion

No claim is allowed.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Marcela M. Cordero Garcia whose telephone number is (571) 272-2939. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 7:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cecilia J. Tsang can be reached on (571) 272-0562. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.



Marcela M Cordero Garcia
Patent Examiner
Art Unit 1654



FEB 21 2006

PTO/SB/08A (08-03)

Approved for use through 07/31/2006. OMB 0651-0031

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE
STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

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of

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Complete if Known

Application Number	10/531,660
Filing Date	April 15, 2005
First Named Inventor	Luis Molina
Group Art Unit	1654
Examiner Name	Marcela M. Cordero Garcia
Attorney Docket Number	11299.105005 L1 3000 MMII/2

4005632 1.DOC

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials	Cite No. ¹	U.S. Patent Document		Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Date of Publication of Cited Document MM-DD-YYYY	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		Number	Kind Code (if known)			
/MMCG	AA	4,209,505	A	Mikhail	06-24-1980	
	AB	5,137,728	A	Bawa	08-11-1992	
	AC	5,512,269	A	Molina y Vedia et al.	04-30-1996	
	AD	5,641,781	A	Cuberes-Altsent, et al.	06-24-1997	
	AE	5,651,957	A	Molina y Vedia et al.	07-29-1997	
	AF	5,683,675	A	Molina y Vedia et al.	11-04-1997	
	AG	5,716,931	A	Molina y Vedia et al.	02-10-1998	
	AH	5,849,706	A	Molina y Vedia et al.	12-15-1998	
	AI	5,900,407	A	Yerxa et al.	05-04-1999	
	AJ	5,968,913	A	LaCroix, et al.	10-19-1999	
	AK	5,972,988	A	Macias	10-26-1999	
	AL	5,981,473	A	Barefoot et al.	11-09-1999	
	AM	6,027,715	A	Pozuelo	02-22-2000	
	AN	6,043,219	A	Iandolo et al.	03-28-2000	
	AO	6,136,794	A	Cook et al.	10-24-2000	
	AP	6,159,952	A	Shaffer et al.	12-12-2000	
	AQ	6,200,551	B1	Morgan	03-13-2001	
	AR	6,221,357	B1	Bok et al.	04-24-2001	
	AS	6,268,380	B1	Tjoeng et al.	07-31-2001	
	AT	6,277,855	A	Yerxa	08-21-2001	
	AU	6,291,469	B1	Fisher et al.	09-18-2001	
	AV	6,315,996	B1	O'Callaghan	11-13-2001	
	AW	6,319,908	B1	Yerxa et al.	11-20-2001	
	AX	6,331,529	B1	Yerxa et al.	12-18-2001	
	AY	6,348,589	B1	Pendergast et al.	02-19-2002	
	AZ	6,387,886	B1	Montgomery et al.	05-14-2002	
	AAA	6,420,347	B1	Jacobus et al.	07-16-2002	
	AAB	6,423,694	B1	Drutz et al.	07-23-2002	
	AAC	6,423,721	B1	Harris et al.	07-23-2002	
	AAD	6,444,695	B1	Mahajan et al.	09-03-2002	
▼	AAE	6,448,276	B1	Yerxa	09-10-2002	
	AAF	6,451,288	B1	Boucher et al.	09-17-2002	
/MMCG	AAG	6,462,028	B2	Pendergast et al.	10-08-2002	

Examiner Signature	/Marcela M Cordero Garcia/	Date Considered	12/20/2007
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*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

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Attorney Docket Number	11299.105005 L1 3000 MMI/2

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		Number	Kind Code (if known)			
/MMCG/	BA	6,489,335	B2	Peyman	12-03-2002	
	BB	6,548,658	B2	Yerxa	04-15-2003	
	BC	6,565,861	B1	Tiffany et al.	05-20-2003	
	BD	6,569,903	B2	Honma et al.	05-27-2003	
	BE	6,596,725	B2	Peterson et al.	07-22-2003	
	BF	6,656,920	B2	Fox et al.	12-02-2003	
	BG	6,673,779	B2	Jacobus et al.	01-06-2004	
	BH	6,693,109	B2	Fisher et al.	02-17-2004	
	BI	2004-0033955	A1	Catania et al.	02-19-2004	
▼	BJ	6,713,458	B1	Yerxa et al.	03-30-2004	
	BK	6,716,813	B2	Lim et al.	04-06-2004	
/MMCG/	BL	2005-0506282	A1	Molina	11-10-2005	

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

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		Office ^	Number	Kind Code ^ (if known)				
/MMCG/	BM	JP	2002-053492	A2	Santen Pharm.; Inspire Pharm.	02-19-2002		
	BN	WO	94/28726	A2	Wellcome Found.; U. No. Carol.	12-22-1994		
	BO	WO	98/34593	A1	Inspire Pharmaceuticals	08-13-1998		
	BP	WO	99/09998	A1	Inspire Pharmaceuticals	03-04-1999		
	BQ	WO	01/80844	A2	Inspire Pharmaceuticals	11-01-2001		
	BR	WO	01/87288	A2	Inspire Pharmaceuticals	11-22-2001		
	BS	WO	01/87913	A2	Inspire Pharmaceuticals	11-22-2001		
▼	BT	WO	02/09702	A2	Inspire Phar., U. Compl. Madrid	02-07-2002		
	BU	WO	02/16381	A2	Inspire Phar., U. No. Carolina	02-28-2002		
/MMCG/	BV	WO	04/037167	A2	Molicem Medicines, Inc.	05-06-2004		

OTHER PRIOR ART - NON PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials *	Cite No. ^	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T e
/MMCG/	BW	BAUDOUIN, C., "The Pathology of Dry Eye," <i>Surv. Ophthalmol.</i> 45 Suppl. 2: S211-S220 (March 2001)	

Examiner Signature	/Marcela M Cordero Garcia/	Date Considered	12/20/2007
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OTHER PRIOR ART - NON PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS

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/MMCG/	CA	BOSCHELLI, D.H., et al., "Inhibition of E-selectin-, ICAM-1-, and VCAM-1-mediated cell adhesion by benzo[b]thiophene-, benzofuran-, indole-, and naphthalene-2-carboxamides: identification of PD 144795 as an antiinflammatory agent," <i>J. Med. Chem.</i> , 38(22):4597-4614 (October 27, 1995).	
	CB	BOUCHER, R., et al., "Mechanisms and therapeutic actions of uridine triphosphates in the lungs," <i>Adenosine and Adenine Nucleotides: From Molecular Biology to Integrative Physiology</i> , (L. Belardelli, et al., Eds., Alumwer Academic Publishers, Boston, 1995), pp. 525-532.	
	CC	BOWIE, E.M., et al., "Corticosteroids, central serous chorioretinopathy, and neurocysticercosis," <i>Arch. Ophthalmol.</i> , 122(2):281-283 (February 2004).	
	CD	BREWITT, H., et al., "Dry Eye Disease: The Scale of the Problem." <i>Surv. Ophthalmol.</i> 45 Suppl. 2: S199-S202 March 2001.	
	CE	CHANG, Y.H., et al., <i>Eur. J. Pharmacol.</i> , 69(2):155-164 (January 16, 1981). Effects of pharmacologic agents on the reversed passive Arthus reaction in the rat.	
	CF	CLOUTIER, M.M., et al., "Duramycin enhances chloride channel activity in cystic fibrosis nasal epithelial cells." <i>Pediatric Pulmonology</i> , 2(Supplement):99 (Abstract 15) (1988).	
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Application Number	10/531,660
Filing Date	April 15, 2005
First Named Inventor	Luis Molina
Group Art Unit	1654
Examiner Name	Marcela M. Cordero Garcia
Attorney Docket Number	11299.105005 L1 3000 MMII/2

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/MMCG/	EA	SAHL, H.-G., "Influence of the staphylococcal peptide Pep 5 on membrane potential of bacterial cells and cytoplasmic membrane vesicles," <i>J. Bacteriol.</i> , 162(2):833-836 (May 1985).	
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